

COMPLETE EXPERIENCIE SOLUTION

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Web Integration

In today's digital age, ensuring the authenticity of user identities is paramount for online platforms, especially for services requiring a high level of security and trust. The Full Experience Integration offers a comprehensive solution by seamlessly incorporating identity validation processes directly into your web application. This guide introduces the concept of redirecting users to a dedicated web page for either ENROLL or VERIFY flows, providing a complete, secure, and user-friendly experience for identity verification.

Why Full Experience Integration?

Integrating the Full Experience for identity validation directly into your web application has several key benefits:

- **Enhanced Security:** By utilizing advanced biometric verification and document authentication, you significantly reduce the risk of identity fraud and enhance the overall security of your platform.
- **Improved User Experience:** Users appreciate a seamless and efficient process for identity verification. Redirecting to a dedicated web page simplifies the user journey, making it straightforward and hassle-free.
- **Flexibility and Ease of Integration:** Whether through GET or POST methods, redirecting users to a web page for identity verification offers flexibility in integration, allowing you to maintain the look and feel of your application while leveraging robust verification processes.
- **Scalability:** As your platform grows, the need for a reliable and scalable identity verification solution becomes crucial. The Full Experience Integration is designed to scale with your needs, ensuring consistent performance and reliability.

The ENROLL and VERIFY Flows

The Full Experience Integration encompasses two primary flows:

- **ENROLL Flow:** A comprehensive identity validation process that includes liveness detection, document scanning and authentication, OCR for data extraction, biometric extraction and comparison, and secure data association and storage. This flow establishes a verified biometric profile linked to the user's identity document.
- **VERIFY Flow:** A streamlined process that verifies an individual's identity by comparing live biometric data against the previously created biometric profile during the ENROLL process. This flow ensures that the person accessing the service is the same individual who initially enrolled.

Implementing the Integration

Integrating these flows into your web application involves redirecting users to a specific URL for either the ENROLL or VERIFY process. This redirection can be achieved using GET or POST methods, depending on your application's requirements and the specific parameters of the identity verification process. The URL includes all necessary parameters to initiate the verification process, such as API keys, project names, product numbers, and any additional custom parameters required for the transaction.

This guide aims to provide you with the knowledge and tools needed to implement the Full Experience Integration for identity verification within your web application. By following the outlined steps and understanding the importance of each flow, you can enhance the security and user experience of your platform, ensuring a trustworthy and efficient identity verification process.

Classic Flow

Integrating the Full Experience for identity verification into your web application involves redirecting users to a dedicated web page where they can complete the ENROLL or VERIFY process. This tutorial will guide you through the steps to implement these flows, ensuring a seamless integration that enhances user experience and security.

Requirements and Compatibility

Before you begin, ensure you have the following:

- Access to the base URL for the identity verification service.
- An API key and project name provided by the service provider.
- Knowledge of the product number associated with the service you intend to use.
- Familiarity with GET and POST HTTP methods.

Preparing the Redirection URLs

Based on the flow you wish to implement (ENROLL or VERIFY), prepare the URL to which users will be redirected. The URL structure differs slightly between the two flows:

ENROLL

GET Method: Construct the URL with all required parameters appended as query strings.

```
“ https://your-base-url/validar-persona?callback=YOUR_CALLBACK_URL&key=YOUR_API_KEY&projectName=YOUR_PROJECT_NAME&product=YOUR_PRODUCT_NUMBER&Parameters=YOUR_CUSTOM_PARAMETERS&riskId=YOUR_RISK_ID
```

POST Method: If using POST, you'll need to set up a form or a web request in your application that submits to the URL `https://your-base-url/validar-persona/` with the parameters included in the body of the request.

```
“ <form action="https://your-base-url/validar-persona/" method="post" target="_blank">  
  <input type="hidden" name="callback" value="YOUR_CALLBACK_URL" />
```

```

<input type="hidden" name="key" value="YOUR_API_KEY" />
<input type="hidden" name="projectName" value="YOUR_PROJECT_NAME"
/>
<input type="hidden" name="product" value="YOUR_PRODUCT_NUMBER" />
<input type="hidden" name="Parameters"
value='YOUR_CUSTOM_PARAMETERS' />
<input type="hidden" name="riskId" value="YOUR_RISK_ID" />
<button type="submit">Start ENROLL Process</button>
</form>

```

Replace placeholders like `YOUR_CALLBACK_URL`, `YOUR_API_KEY`, etc., with actual values provided by the identity verification service. The `Parameters` field should contain a JSON string with any additional information you wish to pass.

VERIFY

GET Method: Similar to ENROLL, but with parameters suited for verification.

```

“ https://your-base-url/verificar-
persona?callback=YOUR_CALLBACK_URL&key=YOUR_API_KEY&projectName=YO
UR_PROJECT_NAME&documentType=DOCUMENT_TYPE&identificationNumber=I
DENTIFICATION_NUMBER&product=YOUR_PRODUCT_NUMBER&riskId=YOUR_RIS
K_ID

```

POST Method: Submit to `https://your-base-url/verificar-persona/` with verification parameters in the request body.

```

“ <form action="https://your-base-url/verificar-persona/" method="post"
target="_blank">
<input type="hidden" name="callback" value="YOUR_CALLBACK_URL" />
<input type="hidden" name="key" value="YOUR_API_KEY" />
<input type="hidden" name="projectName" value="YOUR_PROJECT_NAME"
/>
<input type="hidden" name="documentType" value="DOCUMENT_TYPE" />
<input type="hidden" name="identificationNumber"
value="IDENTIFICATION_NUMBER" />
<input type="hidden" name="product" value="YOUR_PRODUCT_NUMBER" />
<input type="hidden" name="riskId" value="YOUR_RISK_ID" />
<input type="hidden" name="searchOneToMany" value="true_or_false" />

```

```
<input type="hidden" name="getGeolocationOption"
value="GEOLOCATION_OPTION" />
<input type="hidden" name="hideTips" value="true_or_false" />
<button type="submit">Start VERIFY Process</button>
</form>
```

Again, ensure that you replace placeholders with actual values relevant to your project and the identity verification service. The `searchOneToMany`, `getGeolocationOption`, and `hideTips` fields are optional and should be included based on your specific requirements.

Redirecting Users

Implement the logic in your web application to redirect users to the prepared URL when they need to complete the ENROLL or VERIFY process. This can be a direct link, a button click event, or an automatic redirection based on application logic.

Handling the Callback

The `callback` parameter in the URL is crucial as it defines where the user is redirected after completing the verification process. Ensure your application is prepared to handle this callback URL:

- Capture query parameters or POST data returned to the callback URL.
- Process the verification results according to your application's logic (e.g., updating user status, displaying a success message).

Additional Tips

- **Custom Parameters:** Utilize the `Parameters` field in the ENROLL flow to pass any additional information specific to the transaction or user. This field must be in JSON format.
- **Risk Management:** The `riskId` parameter allows you to specify the risk level of the transaction. Use this to adjust the verification process according to your security needs.
- **User Experience:** Consider the user journey through the verification process. Provide clear instructions and support to ensure a smooth experience.

By following these steps, you can successfully integrate the Full Experience for identity verification into your web application, enhancing security and user trust in your platform.

KYC Ecuador Flow

Integration Guide for Identity Validation Flow for Ecuador

This guide offers a detailed approach to integrating a specialized identity validation flow tailored for Ecuadorian users. This process stands out by authenticating users through real-time validation of their facial features, comparing them against the official data provided by the Civilian Registry of Ecuador. By adhering to a proven framework used in classic verification flows, this integration is adapted to meet the unique requirements of users from Ecuador, ensuring a secure and efficient verification process.

Overview

The identity validation flow for Ecuador leverages advanced facial recognition technology to compare a user's live-captured photograph against identity data from the Civilian Registry of Ecuador. This comparison ensures that the person attempting to verify their identity matches the official records, thereby enhancing security and trust in digital platforms.

Key Steps for Integration

- User Consent and Instruction:** Begin by informing users about the process and obtaining their consent. Clearly explain the need for a facial photograph and how it will be used for verification purposes. Ensure users understand the importance of clear lighting and a neutral background for the photograph.
- Capture and Submission:** Implement a user-friendly interface that guides users through the photograph capture process. This interface should include real-time feedback to help users position their face correctly within the designated area. Once the photograph is captured, it, along with any necessary identification information (e.g., unique identification number), is submitted for verification.
- Real-Time Verification:** Upon submission, the system processes the photograph and identification information, comparing them against the data provided by the Civilian Registry of Ecuador. This step utilizes facial recognition algorithms to ensure a match between the live-captured photograph and the official records.

4. **Verification Outcome:** The result of the verification process is communicated back to the user and the platform in real-time. A successful verification confirms the user's identity matches the official records, while any discrepancies are flagged for further review.

Implementation Considerations

- **Privacy and Data Protection:** Ensure the process complies with local and international data protection regulations. User data, especially biometric information, should be handled with the utmost care, ensuring privacy and security.
- **User Experience:** Design the verification process to be as intuitive and straightforward as possible. Minimize user effort and provide clear instructions and feedback throughout the process.
- **Technical Integration:** Depending on your platform's architecture, choose the appropriate method (GET or POST) for submitting the verification request. Ensure your system is capable of handling the response, whether it's a direct callback or a JSON object containing the verification outcome.
- **Testing and Quality Assurance:** Before launching the integration, conduct thorough testing to ensure accuracy in the verification process and a smooth user experience. Consider various user scenarios and edge cases to refine the process.

By following this guide, you can integrate a robust and efficient identity validation flow into your platform, specifically designed for Ecuadorian users. This process not only enhances security by leveraging real-time data from the Civilian Registry of Ecuador but also offers a seamless and user-friendly experience, building trust and confidence among your user base.

Step 1: Preparing for Integration

Before initiating the integration process, ensure you have the following:

- Access to the base URL for the identity verification service.
- An API key and project name provided by the service provider.
- Understanding of the specific parameters required for the Ecuadorian identity validation flow.

Step 2: Constructing the Request

The identity validation process can be initiated using either GET or POST methods, depending on your application's architecture and preferences.

For the GET Method:

Construct a URL with the required parameters appended as query strings. The basic structure is as follows:

```
“ URL_Base/validar-rostro-  
persona?callback=URL_CALLBACK&key=API_KEY&projectName=PROJECT_NAME  
&product=PRODUCT&Parameters=PARAMETERS&riskId=RISK_ID
```

For the POST Method:

If you prefer using POST, your application will need to send a request to `URL_Base/validar-rostro-persona/` with the parameters included in the body of the request.

Parameters:

- `callback`: The URL to which the user will be redirected after the verification process is completed.
- `key`: The API key assigned to your project.
- `projectName`: The name of your project.
- `product`: The product number for the transaction.
- `Parameters`: Additional custom parameters in JSON format, associated with the transaction. This is optional.
- `riskId`: The transaction's risk level identifier. If not specified, a default level is assumed.

Step 3: Handling the User Experience

1. **User Consent:** Inform the user about the minimum conditions required for capturing the facial photograph with Liveness detection. The browser will request permission to access the device's camera and location.
2. **Capture Process:** After granting permission, the user will be prompted to capture their photograph by clicking on "capturar fotografía". They must keep their face within the on-screen oval until the internal clock completes.
3. **Data Entry:** On the Identification Data screen, users must enter their unique identification number and individual fingerprint code to proceed with the identity validation by pressing "Continuar".
4. **Completion:** Upon completion, users will see a summary screen indicating that the transaction has finished successfully.

Step 4: Receiving the Response

After the user completes the process, your application will receive a JSON object at the specified callback URL. The JSON structure includes the transaction's outcome and relevant data, such as the

`id`, `codeId`, and `ThresHoldCompareFaces`.

Step 5: Retrieving Transaction Results

The Validation method is a crucial part of the identity verification process, allowing you to retrieve detailed information about the transaction and the outcome of the validation. This method is particularly useful for post-verification steps, such as auditing, compliance checks, or further user verification processes. Below, we detail how to use the Validation method with a `curl` command, which is designed to fetch the results of a specific transaction using a GET request.

Overview

To retrieve the results of an identity verification transaction, you will need the `codeId` that was provided in the callback after the verification process. This `codeId` serves as a unique identifier for the transaction, enabling you to query the verification results.

CURL Command Structure

The `curl` command to retrieve the transaction results is structured as follows:

```
“ curl -X GET
  "{URL_Base}/api/{ProjectName}/Validation/{id}?returnImages=false" \
  -H "accept: application/json" \
  -H "apiKey: your_api_key" \
  -H "returnDocuments: true" \
  -H "returnVideoLiveness: false"
```

Parameters Explained

- **{URL_Base}**: The base URL of the identity verification service. This should be replaced with the actual URL provided to you.
- **{ProjectName}**: The name of your project as registered with the identity verification service. Replace `{ProjectName}` with your specific project name.
- **{id}**: The unique identifier (`codeId`) for the transaction you wish to retrieve. This ID is typically provided in the callback after the verification process.
- **returnImages** (Query Parameter): Specifies whether to include images in the response. Setting this to `false` excludes images from the response, while `true` includes them.

Headers

- **accept**: Indicates the expected media type of the response, which is `application/json` for JSON-formatted data.

- **apiKey:** Your API key for authentication with the identity verification service. Replace `your_api_key` with the actual API key assigned to your project.
- **returnDocuments:** A header that determines whether document data should be included in the response. Setting this to `true` includes document data, while `false` excludes it.
- **returnVideoLiveness:** Indicates whether the response should contain video data from the liveness verification process. `true` includes video data, and `false` excludes it.

Usage Tips

- Ensure all placeholders in the `curl` command are replaced with actual values specific to your project and the transaction you're querying.
- Execute the `curl` command in a terminal or command-line interface. The server's response will include the transaction details and validation results, according to the parameters you've set.
- Carefully process the JSON response to extract and utilize the verification information as needed in your application or for compliance purposes.

By following these guidelines and using the corrected URL structure and parameters, you can effectively retrieve detailed information about identity verification transactions, enhancing your application's security and user management processes.

KYC Ecuador + Document Capture Flow

Integration Guide for Identity Validation Flow for Ecuador + Document Capture

This guide outlines the integration of a specialized identity validation flow designed for Ecuadorian users. This enhanced process is distinguished by its ability to authenticate users in real-time by capturing their facial features and an image of their identification document. Unlike traditional verification flows that may compare document information against official records, this streamlined approach focuses solely on capturing the document's image without validating its data. This adaptation ensures a secure and efficient verification process, tailored to meet the unique needs of users from Ecuador, while simplifying the steps involved in identity verification.

Overview

The identity validation flow for Ecuador leverages advanced facial recognition technology to compare a user's live-captured photograph against identity data from the Civilian Registry of Ecuador. This comparison ensures that the person attempting to verify their identity matches the official records, thereby enhancing security and trust in digital platforms.

Key Steps for Integration

- User Consent and Instruction:** Begin by informing users about the process and obtaining their consent. Clearly explain the need for a facial photograph and how it will be used for verification purposes. Ensure users understand the importance of clear lighting and a neutral background for the photograph.
- Capture and Submission:** Implement a user-friendly interface that guides users through the photograph capture process. This interface should include real-time feedback to help users position their face correctly within the designated area. Once the photograph is

captured, it, along with any necessary identification information (e.g., unique identification number), is submitted for verification.

3. **Real-Time Verification:** Upon submission, the system processes the photograph and identification information, comparing them against the data provided by the Civilian Registry of Ecuador. This step utilizes facial recognition algorithms to ensure a match between the live-captured photograph and the official records.
4. **Verification Outcome:** The result of the verification process is communicated back to the user and the platform in real-time. A successful verification confirms the user's identity matches the official records, while any discrepancies are flagged for further review.

Implementation Considerations

- **Privacy and Data Protection:** Ensure the process complies with local and international data protection regulations. User data, especially biometric information, should be handled with the utmost care, ensuring privacy and security.
- **User Experience:** Design the verification process to be as intuitive and straightforward as possible. Minimize user effort and provide clear instructions and feedback throughout the process.
- **Technical Integration:** Depending on your platform's architecture, choose the appropriate method (GET or POST) for submitting the verification request. Ensure your system is capable of handling the response, whether it's a direct callback or a JSON object containing the verification outcome.
- **Testing and Quality Assurance:** Before launching the integration, conduct thorough testing to ensure accuracy in the verification process and a smooth user experience. Consider various user scenarios and edge cases to refine the process.

By following this guide, you can integrate a robust and efficient identity validation flow into your platform, specifically designed for Ecuadorian users. This process not only enhances security by leveraging real-time data from the Civilian Registry of Ecuador but also offers a seamless and user-friendly experience, building trust and confidence among your user base.

Step 1: Preparing for Integration

Before initiating the integration process, ensure you have the following:

- Access to the base URL for the identity verification service.
- An API key and project name provided by the service provider.
- Understanding of the specific parameters required for the Ecuadorian identity validation flow.

Step 2: Constructing the Request

The identity validation process can be initiated using either GET or POST methods, depending on your application's architecture and preferences.

For the GET Method:

Construct a URL with the required parameters appended as query strings. The basic structure is as follows:

```
URL_Base/validar-rostro-documento-  
persona?callback=URL_CALLBACK&key=API_KEY&projectName=PROJECT_NAME  
&product=PRODUCT&Parameters=PARAMETERS&riskId=RISK_ID
```

For the POST Method:

If you prefer using POST, your application will need to send a request to `URL_Base/validar-rostro-persona/` with the parameters included in the body of the request.

Parameters:

- `callback`: The URL to which the user will be redirected after the verification process is completed.
- `key`: The API key assigned to your project.
- `projectName`: The name of your project.
- `product`: The product number for the transaction.
- `Parameters`: Additional custom parameters in JSON format, associated with the transaction. This is optional.
- `riskId`: The transaction's risk level identifier. If not specified, a default level is assumed.

Step 3: Handling the User Experience

1. **User Consent:** Inform the user about the minimum conditions required for capturing the facial photograph with Liveness detection. The browser will request permission to access the device's camera and location.
2. **Capture Process:** After granting permission, the user will be prompted to capture their photograph by clicking on "capturar fotografía". They must keep their face within the on-screen oval until the internal clock completes.
3. **Data Entry:** On the Identification Data screen, users must enter their unique identification number and individual fingerprint code to proceed with the identity validation by pressing "Continuar".
4. **Completion:** Upon completion, users will see a summary screen indicating that the transaction has finished successfully.

Step 4: Receiving the Response

After the user completes the process, your application will receive a JSON object at the specified callback URL. The JSON structure includes the transaction's outcome and relevant data, such as the `id`, `codeId`, and `ThresHoldCompareFaces`.

Step 5: Retrieving Transaction Results

The Validation method is a crucial part of the identity verification process, allowing you to retrieve detailed information about the transaction and the outcome of the validation. This method is particularly useful for post-verification steps, such as auditing, compliance checks, or further user verification processes. Below, we detail how to use the Validation method with a `curl` command, which is designed to fetch the results of a specific transaction using a GET request.

Overview

To retrieve the results of an identity verification transaction, you will need the `codeId` that was provided in the callback after the verification process. This `codeId` serves as a unique identifier for the transaction, enabling you to query the verification results.

CURL Command Structure

The `curl` command to retrieve the transaction results is structured as follows:

```
curl -X GET
  "{URL_Base}/api/{ProjectName}/Validation/{id}?returnImages=false" \
  -H "accept: application/json" \
  -H "apiKey: your_api_key" \
  -H "returnDocuments: true" \
  -H "returnVideoLiveness: false"
```

Parameters Explained

- **{URL_Base}**: The base URL of the identity verification service. This should be replaced with the actual URL provided to you.
- **{ProjectName}**: The name of your project as registered with the identity verification service. Replace `{ProjectName}` with your specific project name.
- **{id}**: The unique identifier (`codeId`) for the transaction you wish to retrieve. This ID is typically provided in the callback after the verification process.
- **returnImages** (Query Parameter): Specifies whether to include images in the response. Setting this to `false` excludes images from the response, while `true` includes them.

Headers

- **accept:** Indicates the expected media type of the response, which is `application/json` for JSON-formatted data.
- **apiKey:** Your API key for authentication with the identity verification service. Replace `your_api_key` with the actual API key assigned to your project.
- **returnDocuments:** A header that determines whether document data should be included in the response. Setting this to `true` includes document data, while `false` excludes it.
- **returnVideoLiveness:** Indicates whether the response should contain video data from the liveness verification process. `true` includes video data, and `false` excludes it.

Usage Tips

- Ensure all placeholders in the `curl` command are replaced with actual values specific to your project and the transaction you're querying.
- Execute the `curl` command in a terminal or command-line interface. The server's response will include the transaction details and validation results, according to the parameters you've set.
- Carefully process the JSON response to extract and utilize the verification information as needed in your application or for compliance purposes.

By following these guidelines and using the corrected URL structure and parameters, you can effectively retrieve detailed information about identity verification transactions, enhancing your application's security and user management processes.

Signing Documents

In case require to sign documents with a KYC flow:

[Publish Documents](#)

KYC Ecuador

StartCompareFaces

Identity Validation Flow Integration

Guide for Ecuador

StarCompareFaces Routine

This guide offers a detailed approach to integrating a specialized identity validation flow tailored for Ecuadorian users. This process stands out by authenticating users through real-time validation of their facial features, comparing them against the official data provided by the Civilian Registry of Ecuador. By adhering to a proven framework used in classic verification flows, this integration is adapted to meet the unique requirements of users from Ecuador, ensuring a secure and efficient verification process.

Overview

The identity validation flow for Ecuador leverages advanced facial recognition technology to compare a user's live-captured photograph against identity data from the Civilian Registry of Ecuador. This comparison ensures that the person attempting to verify their identity matches the official records, thereby enhancing security and trust in digital platforms.

Key Steps for Integration

- User Consent and Instruction:** Begin by informing users about the process and obtaining their consent. Clearly explain the need for a facial photograph and how it will be used for verification purposes. Ensure users understand the importance of clear lighting and a neutral background for the photograph.
- Capture and Submission:** Implement a user-friendly interface that guides users through the photograph capture process. This interface should include real-time feedback to help users position their face correctly within the designated area. Once the photograph is captured, it, along with any necessary identification information (e.g., unique

identification number), is submitted for verification.

3. **Real-Time Verification:** Upon submission, the system processes the photograph and identification information, comparing them against the data provided by the Civilian Registry of Ecuador. This step utilizes facial recognition algorithms to ensure a match between the live-captured photograph and the official records.
4. **Verification Outcome:** The result of the verification process is communicated back to the user and the platform in real-time. A successful verification confirms the user's identity matches the official records, while any discrepancies are flagged for further review.

Implementation Considerations

- **Privacy and Data Protection:** Ensure the process complies with local and international data protection regulations. User data, especially biometric information, should be handled with the utmost care, ensuring privacy and security.
- **User Experience:** Design the verification process to be as intuitive and straightforward as possible. Minimize user effort and provide clear instructions and feedback throughout the process.
- **Technical Integration:** Depending on your platform's architecture, choose the appropriate method (GET or POST) for submitting the verification request. Ensure your system is capable of handling the response, whether it's a direct callback or a JSON object containing the verification outcome.
- **Testing and Quality Assurance:** Before launching the integration, conduct thorough testing to ensure accuracy in the verification process and a smooth user experience. Consider various user scenarios and edge cases to refine the process.

By following this guide, you can integrate a robust and efficient identity validation flow into your platform, specifically designed for Ecuadorian users. This process not only enhances security by leveraging real-time data from the Civilian Registry of Ecuador but also offers a seamless and user-friendly experience, building trust and confidence among your user base.

Step 1: Preparing for Integration

Before initiating the integration process, ensure you have the following:

- Access to the base URL for the identity verification service.
- An API key and project name provided by the service provider.
- Understanding of the specific parameters required for the Ecuadorian identity validation flow.

CURL Command Structure

The `curl` command to retrieve the transaction results is structured as follows:

For the facial validation of the StarCompare Faces routine, we use the StarCompare Faces service for creating the UID. This service will request the customer's photograph for validation, extracted from the Ecuadorian registry, along with data such as fingerprint code, NUIP, Documenttype (3 for Ecuadorian ID), full name, and digital signature photograph in case we are the ones making the call to the Ecuadorian civil registry. We need that in the request, only the document number and fingerprint code are provided. If no photo is sent, our system will make a call to the civil registry to extract this information from the data obtained.

```
curl --location
'{{URL_Base}}/api/Integration/{{ProjectName}}/Validation/StartCompareFaces' \
--header 'apiKey: your_api_key' \
--header 'projectName: your_project_name' \
--header 'Content-Type: application/json' \
--data '{
  "ProductId": your_productid,
  "CustomerServicePhoto": base64 photo by ecuador registry,
  "SignaturePhoto": base64 photo signature for ecuador registry,
  "DactilarCode": customer's fingerprint code,
  "IdentificationNumber": customer document number,
  "Name": client's full name,
  "DocumentType": type of document (3 For Ecuadorian cedula)
}'
```

Parameters Explained

- **{URL_Base}**: The base URL of the identity verification service. This should be replaced with the actual URL provided to you.
- **{ProjectName}**: The name of your project as registered with the identity verification service. Replace `{{ProjectName}}` with your specific project name.

Code Response Description

200: "UID" JSON formatted object with transaction information.

400: The provided data does not correspond to the expected criteria.

401: Authorization process was unsuccessful. Validate the project code and/or API Key.

404: The specified product code and/or project does not exist.

Step 2: Constructing the Request

The identity validation process can be initiated by using the GET methods .

For the GET Method:

Construct a URL with the required parameters appended as query strings. The basic structure is as follows:

```
“ URL_Base/compare-faces?callback=https://www.google.com/&uid=UID
```

Parameters:

- `callback`: The URL to which the user will be redirected after the verification process is completed.
- `uid`: unique identifier, assigned to each user for facial validation of the transaction created to be validated.

Step 3: Handling the User Experience

1. **User Consent:** Inform the user about the minimum conditions required for capturing the facial photograph with Liveness detection. The browser will request permission to access the device's camera and location.
2. **Capture Process:** After granting permission, the user will be prompted to capture their photograph by clicking on "capturar fotografía". They must keep their face within the on-screen oval until the internal clock completes.
3. **Data Entry:** On the Identification Data screen, users must enter their unique identification number and individual fingerprint code to proceed with the identity validation by pressing "Continuar".
4. **Completion:** Upon completion, users will see a summary screen indicating that the transaction has finished successfully.

Step 4: Receiving the Response

After the user completes the process, your application will receive a JSON object at the specified callback URL. The JSON structure includes the transaction's outcome and relevant data, such as the `id`, `codeId`, and `ThresHoldCompareFaces`.

Step 5: Retrieving Transaction Results

The Validation method is a crucial part of the identity verification process, allowing you to retrieve detailed information about the transaction and the outcome of the validation. This method is particularly useful for post-verification steps, such as auditing, compliance checks, or further user verification processes. Below, we detail how to use the Validation method with a `curl` command, which is designed to fetch the results of a specific transaction using a GET request.

Overview

To retrieve the results of an identity verification transaction, you will need the `codeId` that was provided in the callback after the verification process. This `codeId` serves as a unique identifier for the transaction, enabling you to query the verification results.

CURL Command Structure

The `curl` command to retrieve the transaction results is structured as follows:

```
“ curl -X GET
  "{URL_Base}/api/{ProjectName}/Validation/{id}?returnImages=false" \
  -H "accept: application/json" \
  -H "apiKey: your_api_key" \
  -H "returnDocuments: true" \
  -H "returnVideoLiveness: false"
```

Parameters Explained

- **{URL_Base}**: The base URL of the identity verification service. This should be replaced with the actual URL provided to you.
- **{ProjectName}**: The name of your project as registered with the identity verification service. Replace `{ProjectName}` with your specific project name.
- **{id}**: The unique identifier (`codeId`) for the transaction you wish to retrieve. This ID is typically provided in the callback after the verification process.
- **returnImages** (Query Parameter): Specifies whether to include images in the response. Setting this to `false` excludes images from the response, while `true` includes them.

Headers

- **accept**: Indicates the expected media type of the response, which is `application/json` for JSON-formatted data.
- **apiKey**: Your API key for authentication with the identity verification service. Replace `your_api_key` with the actual API key assigned to your project.

- **returnDocuments:** A header that determines whether document data should be included in the response. Setting this to `true` includes document data, while `false` excludes it.
- **returnVideoLiveness:** Indicates whether the response should contain video data from the liveness verification process. `true` includes video data, and `false` excludes it.

Usage Tips

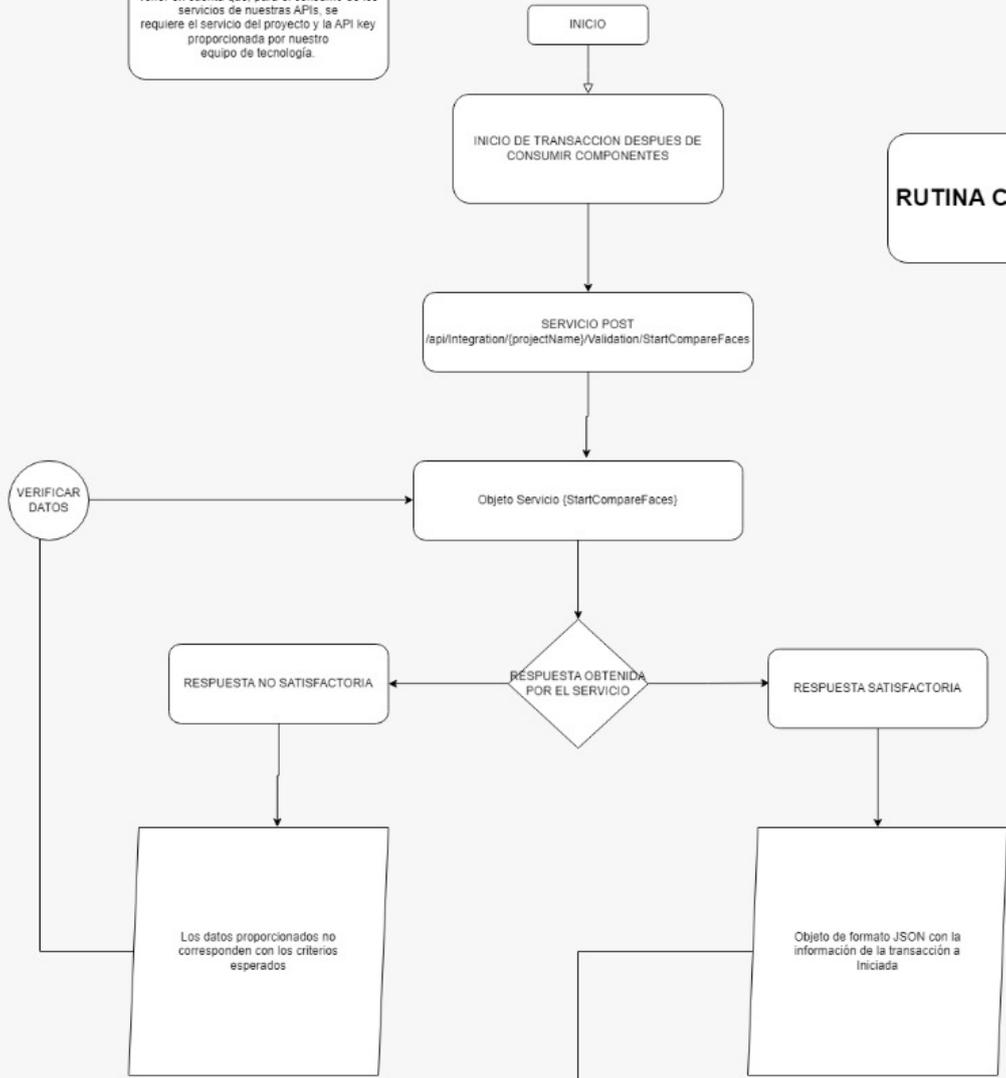
- Ensure all placeholders in the `curl` command are replaced with actual values specific to your project and the transaction you're querying.
- Execute the `curl` command in a terminal or command-line interface. The server's response will include the transaction details and validation results, according to the parameters you've set.
- Carefully process the JSON response to extract and utilize the verification information as needed in your application or for compliance purposes.

By following these guidelines and using the corrected URL structure and parameters, you can effectively retrieve detailed information about identity verification transactions, enhancing your application's security and user management processes.

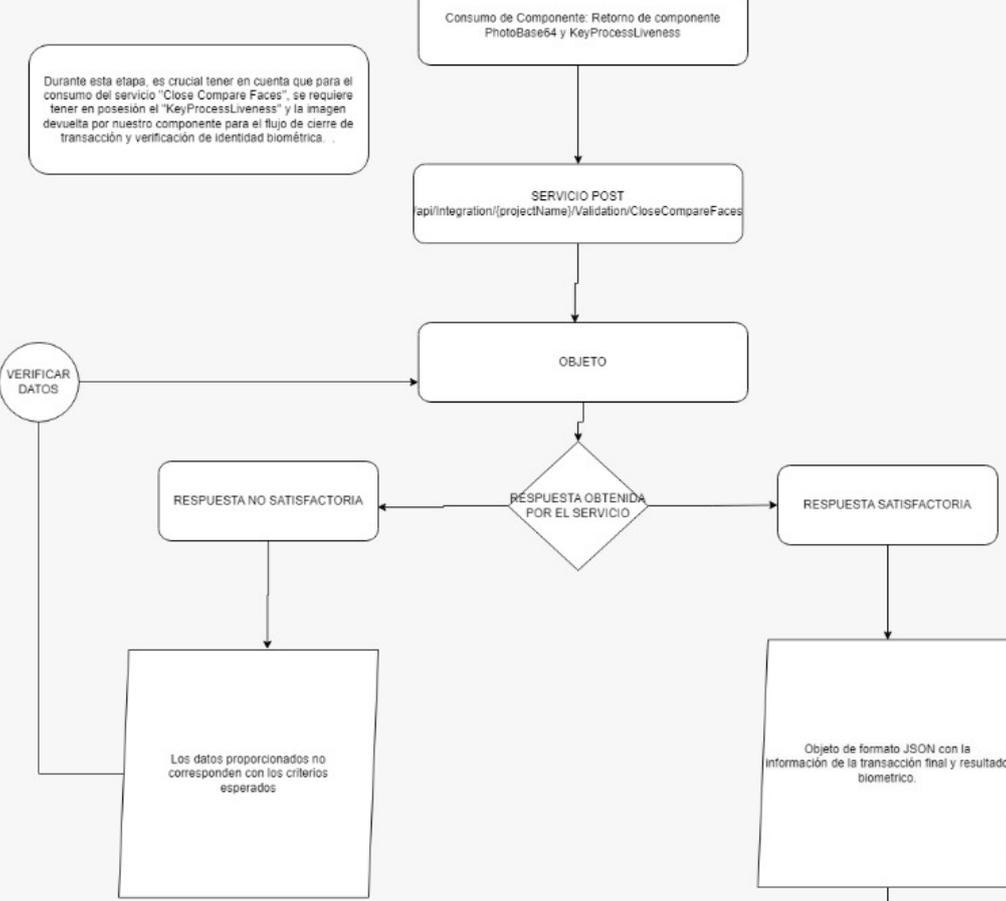
Routine Flow Chart

Tener en cuenta que, para el consumo de los servicios de nuestras APIs, se requiere el servicio del proyecto y la API key proporcionada por nuestro equipo de tecnología.

RUTINA COMPARE FACES



Durante esta etapa, es crucial tener en cuenta que para el consumo del servicio "Close Compare Faces", se requiere tener en posesión el "KeyProcessLiveness" y la imagen devuelta por nuestro componente para el flujo de cierre de transacción y verificación de identidad biométrica.



Después de haber consumido satisfactoriamente el servicio de registro de cierre, es necesario tener en cuenta el UID devuelto por el servicio StarCompareFaces, la CustomerPhoto devuelta por nuestro componente, y el KeyProcessLiveness al hacer el llamado del servicio de cierre. Este último traerá el resultado final de la transacción con la comparación facial realizada, con los siguientes estados:
Proceso satisfactorio - IdState 2
Rostro no corresponde - IdState 10

FIN


```
"scope": "email openid profile"
}
}
```

Create transaction url

POST <https://api-fintechheart.ado-tech.com/api/v1/flowmanager/flowrequest/create>

This step will require the bearer token got in the login request as authorization parameter

Parameters

headers

`x-accountid`: Account id

body structure

```
{
  "documentType": "1",
  "documentNumber": "1234097206",
  "flowType": "1", // flowtype for KYC is 1
  "riskAmount": 123,
  "callbackUrl": "https://www.google.com"
}
```

Possible documentType values

- 1 Citizenship ID
- 2 PEP only with Passport
- 3 Ecuadorian Citizenship ID
- 4 Foreigner ID
- 5 Identity Card
- 6 Israel ID Card
- 7 Panamanian Citizenship ID
- 8 Peruvian Citizenship ID
- 9 Paraguayan Citizenship ID
- 10 INE Mexico
- 11 Chilean Identity ID

- 12 Puerto Rico Identification
- 13 Costa Rican Identity ID
- 14 Personal Identification Document Guatemala
- 15 Uruguayan ID
- 16 Bolivian Citizenship ID
- 17 PPT
- 18 National Identity Document Spain
- 19 National Identity Document Argentina
- 20 Passport

WebHook for data transferring

There must be a `login` service for authentication and a `push` service to transfer the data.

Login

Parameters

The data must be received as a x-www-form-urlencoded

- `client_id`
- `client_secret`
- `grant_type:` authentication type

Response structure

```
{
  "access_token": "eyJhbGciOiJSUzI1NiIiA6ICJ6eFB3...",
  "expires_in": 300,
  "refresh_expires_in": 0,
  "token_type": "Bearer",
  "not-before-policy": 0,
  "scope": "email profile"
}
```

Push

Parameters

This is the JSON structure with the transaction data sent by the platform

```
{
  "Uid": "hba7gasd-785c-410e-80a4-27cb82215956",
  "key": "jdfys9d8y7fs87dyfs8dhjd",
  "StartingDate": "2023-09-07T10:55:26.603",
  "CreationDate": "2023-09-07T10:55:47.99",
  "CreationIP": "156.09.97.2",
  "DocumentType": 1,
  "IdNumber": "1238657888",
  "FirstName": "Nombre",
  "SecondName": "Nombre",
  "FirstSurname": "Apellido",
  "SecondSurname": "Apellido",
  "Gender": "G" // M or F
  "BirthDate": "2002-08-30T00:00:00",
  "PlaceBirth": place of birth,
  "ExpeditionCity": null,
  "ExpeditionDepartment": null,
  "BirthCity": null,
  "BirthDepartment": null,
  "TransactionType": 1,
  "TransactionTypeName": "Enroll",
  "IssueDate": "2020-09-03T00:00:00",
  "TransactionId": "125",
  "ProductId": "1",
  "ComparationFacesSuccessful": false,
  "FaceFound": false,
  "FaceDocumentFrontFound": false,
  "BarcodeFound": false,
  "ResultComparationFaces": 0.0,
  "ComparationFacesAproved": false,
  "Extras": {
    "IdState": "4",
    "StateName": "State description"
  },
  "NumberPhone": null,
  "CodFingerprint": null,
  "ResultQRCode": null,
  "DactilarCode": null,
  "ReponseControlList": null,
  "Images": [],
```

```
"SignedDocuments": [],  
"Scores": [  
  {  
    "Id": 4,  
    "UserName": null,  
    "StateName": "State description",  
    "StartingDate": "0001-01-01T00:00:00",  
    "Observation": null  
  }  
],  
"Response_ANI": null,  
"Parameters": null  
}
```

KYC Transaction Flow

Before transaction starts

Before starting each transaction, it is necessary to consume the **FindByNumberIdSuccess** service to verify the enrollment of a document number. This service is crucial because it allows us to define the flow to follow in order to verify the person's identity. In this process, the **FindByNumberIdSuccess** service searches for information related to a specific document number, confirming whether the person associated with that document is properly enrolled or not.

/api/{projectName}/FindByNumberIdSuccess

Parameters

- `projectName`: The assigned project name
- `apiKey`: The key assigned to the project
- `identification`: The client's identification number
- `docType`: Type of document to be queried
- `returnImages`: Determine if the images from the transaction will be returned
- `enrol`: Default value : false
- `Authorization`: OAuth validation token

Responses

200 - Successful query

```
{
  "Uid": "string",
  "StartingDate": "2024-10-08T19:17:13.860Z",
  "CreationDate": "2024-10-08T19:17:13.860Z",
  "CreationIP": "string",
  "DocumentType": 0,
  "IdNumber": "string",
  "FirstName": "string",
  "SecondName": "string",
  "FirstSurname": "string",
  "SecondSurname": "string",
```

"Gender": "string",
"BirthDate": "2024-10-08T19:17:13.860Z",
"Street": "string",
"CedulateCondition": "string",
"Spouse": "string",
"Home": "string",
"MaritalStatus": "string",
"DateOfIdentification": "2024-10-08T19:17:13.860Z",
"DateOfDeath": "2024-10-08T19:17:13.860Z",
"MarriageDate": "2024-10-08T19:17:13.860Z",
"Instruction": "string",
"PlaceBirth": "string",
"Nationality": "string",
"MotherName": "string",
"FatherName": "string",
"HouseNumber": "string",
"Profession": "string",
"ExpeditionCity": "string",
"ExpeditionDepartment": "string",
"BirthCity": "string",
"BirthDepartment": "string",
"TransactionType": 0,
"TransactionTypeName": "string",
"IssueDate": "string",
"BarcodeText": "string",
"OcrTextSideOne": "string",
"OcrTextSideTwo": "string",
"SideOneWrongAttempts": 0,
"SideTwoWrongAttempts": 0,
"FoundOnAdoAlert": true,
"AdoProjectId": "string",
"TransactionId": "string",
"ProductId": "string",
"ComparationFacesSuccessful": true,
"FaceFound": true,
"FaceDocumentFrontFound": true,
"BarcodeFound": true,
"ResultComparationFaces": 0,
"ResultCompareDocumentFaces": 0,

```
"ComparationFacesApproved": true,
"ThresholdCompareDocumentFaces": 0,
"CompareFacesDocumentResult": "string",
"Extras": {
  "additionalProp1": "string",
  "additionalProp2": "string",
  "additionalProp3": "string"
},
"NumberPhone": "string",
"CodFingerprint": "string",
"ResultQRCode": "string",
"DactilarCode": "string",
"ReponseControlList": "string",
"Latitude": "string",
"Longitude": "string",
"Images": [
  {
    "Id": 0,
    "ImageTypeId": 0,
    "ImageTypeName": "string",
    "Image": "string",
    "DownloadCode": "string"
  }
],
"SignedDocuments": [
  "string"
],
"Scores": [
  {
    "Id": 0,
    "UserName": "string",
    "StateName": "string",
    "CausalRejectionName": "string",
    "StartingDate": "2024-10-08T19:17:13.860Z",
    "Observation": "string"
  }
],
"Response_ANI": {
  "Niup": "string",
```

```
"FirstSurname": "string",
"Particle": "string",
"SecondSurname": "string",
"FirstName": "string",
"SecondName": "string",
"ExpeditionMunicipality": "string",
"ExpeditionDepartment": "string",
"ExpeditionDate": "string",
"CedulaState": "string"
},
"Parameters": "string",
"StateSignatureDocument": true,
"SessionId": "string",
"CustomerIdFromClient": "string",
"ProcessId": "string",
"DocumentTypeFromClient": 0,
"IdNumberFromClient": "string",
"NotEnrolledForComparisonWithClientData": true
}
```

Unenrolled client

/api/{projectName}/GetConfig

Parameters

- `projectName`: The assigned project name
- `apiKey`: The key assigned to the project
- `productId`
- `Message`: Information for event logging

Responses

200 - Configuration results

```
{
  "TryLiveness": 0,
  "Token_KYC": "string",
  "UrlServiceOCR": "string",
  "UrlServiceLiveness": "string",
  "UrlNewServiceLiveness": "string",
}
```

```
"UrlServiceLivenessV3": "string",
"UrlUiLivenessV3": "string",
"CodeTransactionLivenessV3": "string",
"ConfigFileLiveness": "string",
"ConfigGeneralFileLiveness": "string",
"LivenessThreshold": "string",
"TypeLiveness": 0,
"ProjectName": "string",
"ApiKey": "string",
"Base_Uri": "string",
"TryOcr": 0,
"GetGeoreference": 0,
"GetToken": "string",
"SecondCamera": true,
"Web": true,
"Android": true,
"IOS": true,
"Web_Component": true,
"Android_Component": true,
"IOS_Component": true,
"MethodOfCaptureFingers": 0,
"UseCardCaptureOnline": true,
"UrlCardCapture": "string",
"AttempmtsCardCapture": 0,
"GetFacialFeatures": true,
"CardCaptureType": 0,
"UrlCardCaptureV2": "string",
"TraceUrl": "string",
"RequireCameraPermission": true,
"RequireLocationPermission": true,
"ConfigurationUI": {
  "LivenessUI": {
    "Id": 0,
    "LookLeftText": "string",
    "LookRightText": "string",
    "LookAtCenterText": "string",
    "InitialAlignFaceText": "string",
    "OngoingAlignFaceText": "string",
    "MultipleFacesFoundText": "string",
    "GetFurtherText": "string",
    "ComeCloserText": "string",
    "ProcessingDataText": "string",
    "SessionEndedSuccessfullyText": "string",
    "FaceIlluminationTooBrightText": "string",
    "FaceIlluminationTooDarkText": "string",
    "BadFaceFocusText": "string",
    "FacePositionNotStableText": "string",
    "UnderlineColorResource": "string",
    "LoaderColorResource": "string",
    "BackArrowColorResource": "string",
    "DirectingArrowsColor": "string",
    "SuccessSignColor": "string",
    "SuccessSignBackgroundColor": "string",
```

```
"InstructionsPosition": 0,
"DirectionSignShape": 0,
"BackButtonShape": 0,
"BackButtonSide": 0
},
"CardCaptureUI": {
  "Id": 0,
  "CaptureFrontInstructionsText": "string",
  "CaptureBackInstructionsText": "string",
  "MainColor": "string",
  "BackArrowColor": "string",
  "InstructionsColor": "string",
  "InstructionsBackgroundColor": "string",
  "BackArrowShape": 0,
  "InstructionsPosition": 0,
  "BackArrowSide": 0
}
}
}
```

/api/Integration/{projectName}/Validation/New

Parameters

- `transactionInfo (body)`: The data of the new transaction
- `apiKey (header)`: The key assigned to the project
- `projectName (path)`: The assigned project name
- `Authorization (header)`: OAuth validation token

Body example

```
{
  "ProductId": 0,
  "CustomerPhoto": "string",
  "DocumentType": "string",
  "Longitude": "string",
  "Latitude": "string",
  "IdAssociated": "string",
  "ClientRole": "string",
  "KeyProcessLiveness": "string",
  "UIdDevice": "string",
  "IdUser": 0,
  "SourceDevice": 0,
  "SdkVersion": "string",
  "OS": "string",
  "BrowserVersion": "string",
  "IMEI": "string",
  "RiskId": "string",
  "OriginTransactionId": "string",
  "Score": "string",
  "UserName": "string",
```

```
"ProjectName": "string",
"SessionId": "string",
"CustomerIdFromClient": "string",
"ProcessId": "string",
"DocumentTypeFromClient": 0,
"IdNumberFromClient": "string",
"Uid": "string"
}
```

Responses

200 - The transaction has been successfully initiated. An object with associated information is returned

201 - Facial recognition has been successful. An object is returned with information about the created transaction, including the unique transaction number

```
{
  "Uid": "string",
  "StartingDate": "2024-10-08T19:48:17.558Z",
  "CreationDate": "2024-10-08T19:48:17.558Z",
  "CreationIP": "string",
  "DocumentType": 0,
  "IdNumber": "string",
  "FirstName": "string",
  "SecondName": "string",
  "FirstSurname": "string",
  "SecondSurname": "string",
  "Gender": "string",
  "BirthDate": "2024-10-08T19:48:17.558Z",
  "Street": "string",
  "CedulateCondition": "string",
  "Spouse": "string",
  "Home": "string",
  "MaritalStatus": "string",
  "DateOfIdentification": "2024-10-08T19:48:17.558Z",
  "DateOfDeath": "2024-10-08T19:48:17.558Z",
  "MarriageDate": "2024-10-08T19:48:17.558Z",
  "Instruction": "string",
  "PlaceBirth": "string",
  "Nationality": "string",
  "MotherName": "string",
  "FatherName": "string",
  "HouseNumber": "string",
  "Profession": "string",
  "ExpeditionCity": "string",
  "ExpeditionDepartment": "string",
  "BirthCity": "string",
  "BirthDepartment": "string",
}
```

```
"TransactionType": 0,
"TransactionTypeName": "string",
"IssueDate": "string",
"BarcodeText": "string",
"OcrTextSideOne": "string",
"OcrTextSideTwo": "string",
"SideOneWrongAttempts": 0,
"SideTwoWrongAttempts": 0,
"FoundOnAdoAlert": true,
"AdoProjectId": "string",
"TransactionId": "string",
"ProductId": "string",
"ComparisonFacesSuccessful": true,
"FaceFound": true,
"FaceDocumentFrontFound": true,
"BarcodeFound": true,
"ResultComparisonFaces": 0,
"ResultCompareDocumentFaces": 0,
"ComparisonFacesApproved": true,
"ThresholdCompareDocumentFaces": 0,
"CompareFacesDocumentResult": "string",
"Extras": {
  "additionalProp1": "string",
  "additionalProp2": "string",
  "additionalProp3": "string"
},
"NumberPhone": "string",
"CodFingerprint": "string",
"ResultQRCode": "string",
"DactilarCode": "string",
"ReponseControlList": "string",
"Latitude": "string",
"Longitude": "string",
"Images": [
  {
    "Id": 0,
    "ImageTypeId": 0,
    "ImageTypeName": "string",
    "Image": "string",
    "DownloadCode": "string"
  }
],
"SignedDocuments": [
  "string"
],
"Scores": [
  {
    "Id": 0,
    "UserName": "string",
    "StateName": "string",
    "CausalRejectionName": "string",
    "StartingDate": "2024-10-08T19:48:17.558Z",
    "Observation": "string"
  }
]
```

```

    }
  ],
  "Response_ANI": {
    "Niup": "string",
    "FirstSurname": "string",
    "Particle": "string",
    "SecondSurname": "string",
    "FirstName": "string",
    "SecondName": "string",
    "ExpeditionMunicipality": "string",
    "ExpeditionDepartment": "string",
    "ExpeditionDate": "string",
    "CedulaState": "string"
  },
  "Parameters": "string",
  "StateSignatureDocument": true,
  "SessionId": "string",
  "CustomerIdFromClient": "string",
  "ProcessId": "string",
  "DocumentTypeFromClient": 0,
  "IdNumberFromClient": "string",
  "NotEnrolledForComparisonWithClientData": true
}

```

/api/Integration/{projectName}/Validation/Images/DocumentFrontSide

Parameters

- `sideOneInfo (body)`: The image encoded in base64
- `apiKey (header)`: The key assigned to the project
- `projectName (path)`: The assigned project name
- `Authorization (header)`: OAuth validation token

Body example

```

{
  "Image": "string",
  "DocumentType": "string",
  "UIdDevice": "string",
  "IdUser": 0,
  "SourceDevice": 0,
  "SdkVersion": "string",
  "OS": "string",
  "BrowserVersion": "string",
  "TransactionType": 0,
  "ProductId": "string",
  "Uid": "string",
  "RiskId": "string"
}

```

Responses

200 - The document has been successfully uploaded, and the transaction information has been updated

201 - The previously registered client was found. An object is returned with information about the created transaction, including the unique transaction number

```
{
  "Uid": "string",
  "StartingDate": "2024-10-08T19:59:17.674Z",
  "CreationDate": "2024-10-08T19:59:17.674Z",
  "CreationIP": "string",
  "DocumentType": 0,
  "IdNumber": "string",
  "FirstName": "string",
  "SecondName": "string",
  "FirstSurname": "string",
  "SecondSurname": "string",
  "Gender": "string",
  "BirthDate": "2024-10-08T19:59:17.674Z",
  "Street": "string",
  "CedulateCondition": "string",
  "Spouse": "string",
  "Home": "string",
  "MaritalStatus": "string",
  "DateOfIdentification": "2024-10-08T19:59:17.674Z",
  "DateOfDeath": "2024-10-08T19:59:17.674Z",
  "MarriageDate": "2024-10-08T19:59:17.674Z",
  "Instruction": "string",
  "PlaceBirth": "string",
  "Nationality": "string",
  "MotherName": "string",
  "FatherName": "string",
  "HouseNumber": "string",
  "Profession": "string",
  "ExpeditionCity": "string",
  "ExpeditionDepartment": "string",
  "BirthCity": "string",
  "BirthDepartment": "string",
  "TransactionType": 0,
  "TransactionTypeName": "string",
  "IssueDate": "string",
  "BarcodeText": "string",
  "OcrTextSideOne": "string",
  "OcrTextSideTwo": "string",
  "SideOneWrongAttempts": 0,
  "SideTwoWrongAttempts": 0,
  "FoundOnAdoAlert": true,
```

```
"AdoProjectId": "string",
"TransactionId": "string",
"ProductId": "string",
"ComparisonFacesSuccessful": true,
"FaceFound": true,
"FaceDocumentFrontFound": true,
"BarcodeFound": true,
"ResultComparisonFaces": 0,
"ResultCompareDocumentFaces": 0,
"ComparisonFacesApproved": true,
"ThresholdCompareDocumentFaces": 0,
"CompareFacesDocumentResult": "string",
"Extras": {
  "additionalProp1": "string",
  "additionalProp2": "string",
  "additionalProp3": "string"
},
"NumberPhone": "string",
"CodFingerprint": "string",
"ResultQRCode": "string",
"DactilarCode": "string",
"ReponseControlList": "string",
"Latitude": "string",
"Longitude": "string",
"Images": [
  {
    "Id": 0,
    "ImageTypeId": 0,
    "ImageTypeName": "string",
    "Image": "string",
    "DownloadCode": "string"
  }
],
"SignedDocuments": [
  "string"
],
"Scores": [
  {
    "Id": 0,
    "UserName": "string",
    "StateName": "string",
    "CausalRejectionName": "string",
    "StartingDate": "2024-10-08T19:59:17.674Z",
    "Observation": "string"
  }
],
"Response_ANI": {
  "Niup": "string",
  "FirstSurname": "string",
  "Particle": "string",
  "SecondSurname": "string",
  "FirstName": "string",
  "SecondName": "string",
```

```
"ExpeditionMunicipality": "string",
"ExpeditionDepartment": "string",
"ExpeditionDate": "string",
"CedulaState": "string"
},
"Parameters": "string",
"StateSignatureDocument": true,
"SessionId": "string",
"CustomerIdFromClient": "string",
"ProcessId": "string",
"DocumentTypeFromClient": 0,
"IdNumberFromClient": "string",
"NotEnrolledForComparisonWithClientData": true
}
```

/api/Integration/{projectName}/Validation/Images/DocumentBackSide

Parameters

- `sideOneInfo (body)`: The image encoded in base64
- `apiKey (header)`: The key assigned to the project
- `projectName (path)`: The assigned project name
- `Authorization (header)`: OAuth validation token

Body example

```
{
  "Image": "string",
  "DocumentType": "string",
  "UIdDevice": "string",
  "IdUser": 0,
  "SourceDevice": 0,
  "SdkVersion": "string",
  "OS": "string",
  "BrowserVersion": "string",
  "TransactionType": 0,
  "ProductId": "string",
  "Uid": "string",
  "RiskId": "string"
}
```

Responses

200 - The document has been successfully uploaded, and the transaction information has been updated

201 - The previously registered client was found. An object is returned with information about the created transaction, including the unique transaction number

```
{
  "Uid": "string",
  "StartingDate": "2024-10-08T19:48:17.494Z",
  "CreationDate": "2024-10-08T19:48:17.494Z",
  "CreationIP": "string",
  "DocumentType": 0,
  "IdNumber": "string",
  "FirstName": "string",
  "SecondName": "string",
  "FirstSurname": "string",
  "SecondSurname": "string",
  "Gender": "string",
  "BirthDate": "2024-10-08T19:48:17.494Z",
  "Street": "string",
  "CedulateCondition": "string",
  "Spouse": "string",
  "Home": "string",
  "MaritalStatus": "string",
  "DateOfIdentification": "2024-10-08T19:48:17.494Z",
  "DateOfDeath": "2024-10-08T19:48:17.494Z",
  "MarriageDate": "2024-10-08T19:48:17.494Z",
  "Instruction": "string",
  "PlaceBirth": "string",
  "Nationality": "string",
  "MotherName": "string",
  "FatherName": "string",
  "HouseNumber": "string",
  "Profession": "string",
  "ExpeditionCity": "string",
  "ExpeditionDepartment": "string",
  "BirthCity": "string",
  "BirthDepartment": "string",
  "TransactionType": 0,
  "TransactionTypeName": "string",
  "IssueDate": "string",
  "BarcodeText": "string",
  "OcrTextSideOne": "string",
  "OcrTextSideTwo": "string",
  "SideOneWrongAttempts": 0,
  "SideTwoWrongAttempts": 0,
  "FoundOnAdoAlert": true,
  "AdoProjectId": "string",
  "TransactionId": "string",
  "ProductId": "string",
  "ComparisonFacesSuccessful": true,
  "FaceFound": true,
  "FaceDocumentFrontFound": true,
  "BarcodeFound": true,
  "ResultComparisonFaces": 0,
```

```
"ResultCompareDocumentFaces": 0,
"ComparationFacesApproved": true,
"ThresholdCompareDocumentFaces": 0,
"CompareFacesDocumentResult": "string",
"Extras": {
  "additionalProp1": "string",
  "additionalProp2": "string",
  "additionalProp3": "string"
},
"NumberPhone": "string",
"CodFingerprint": "string",
"ResultQRCode": "string",
"DactilarCode": "string",
"ReponseControlList": "string",
"Latitude": "string",
"Longitude": "string",
"Images": [
  {
    "Id": 0,
    "ImageTypeId": 0,
    "ImageTypeName": "string",
    "Image": "string",
    "DownloadCode": "string"
  }
],
"SignedDocuments": [
  "string"
],
"Scores": [
  {
    "Id": 0,
    "UserName": "string",
    "StateName": "string",
    "CausalRejectionName": "string",
    "StartingDate": "2024-10-08T19:48:17.494Z",
    "Observation": "string"
  }
],
"Response_ANI": {
  "Niup": "string",
  "FirstSurname": "string",
  "Particle": "string",
  "SecondSurname": "string",
  "FirstName": "string",
  "SecondName": "string",
  "ExpeditionMunicipality": "string",
  "ExpeditionDepartment": "string",
  "ExpeditionDate": "string",
  "CedulaState": "string"
},
"Parameters": "string",
"StateSignatureDocument": true,
"SessionId": "string",
```

```
"CustomerIdFromClient": "string",
"ProcessId": "string",
"DocumentTypeFromClient": 0,
"IdNumberFromClient": "string",
"NotEnrolledForComparisonWithClientData": true
}
```

/api/Integration/{projectName}/Validation/Close

Parameters

- `info (body)`: The image encoded in base64
- `apiKey (header)`: The key assigned to the project
- `projectName (path)`: The assigned project name
- `Authorization (header)`: OAuth validation token

Body example

```
{
  "Uid": "string",
  "RiskId": "string"
}
```

Response

200 -The transaction has been successfully created